

Triaquachlorido[3-dimethylamino-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one- κN^1]-manganese(II) chloride

Zhao-Lian Chu

School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Anhui University of Technology, Maanshan 243002, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zlchu@ahut.edu.cn

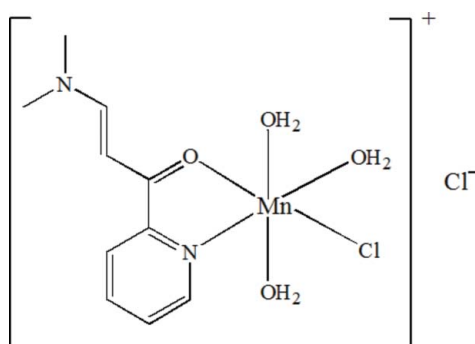
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.096; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

In the title compound, $[MnCl(C_{10}H_{12}N_2O)(H_2O)_3]Cl$, the Mn^{II} ion has a distorted octahedral coordination environment formed by one N and one O atom from the chelating 3-dimethylamino-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one ligand, one chloride anion and three coordinated water molecules. Intermolecular $O-H\cdots O$ and $O-H\cdots Cl$ hydrogen bonds link the cations and anions into layers parallel to the ac plane.

Related literature

For the crystal structure of a related Cd(II) complex, see: Dong *et al.* (2009). For details of the synthesis, see: Sun *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[MnCl(C_{10}H_{12}N_2O)(H_2O)_3]Cl$ $M_r = 356.10$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 8.7039$ (17) Å
 $b = 9.3247$ (18) Å
 $c = 10.1407$ (19) Å
 $\alpha = 98.029$ (4)°
 $\beta = 98.036$ (4)°
 $\gamma = 107.357$ (3)°

$V = 763.4$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.22$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{min} = 0.710$, $T_{max} = 0.792$

3838 measured reflections
 2647 independent reflections
 1898 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{int} = 0.026$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.096$
 $S = 0.90$
 2647 reflections

174 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.36$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$O2-H2B\cdots Cl1^i$	0.85	2.58	3.142 (3)	125
$O2-H2C\cdots Cl2$	0.85	2.64	3.188 (3)	124
$O3-H3B\cdots Cl2^{ii}$	0.85	2.46	3.228 (3)	150
$O3-H3C\cdots Cl2^{iii}$	0.85	2.48	3.090 (3)	129
$O4-H4B\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.85	2.27	2.659 (3)	108
$O4-H4C\cdots Cl2$	0.85	2.41	3.063 (3)	134

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *S SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *S SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2579).

References

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 Dong, H.-Z., Chu, Z.-L. & Hu, N.-L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, m358.
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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m855 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809024192]

Triaquachlorido[3-dimethylamino-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one- κN^1]manganese(II) chloride

Z.-L. Chu

Comment

We have taken many efforts on synthesizing new ligands with pyridyl group and reported a monomeric Cd (II) complex using 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one as ligand (Dong *et al.*, 2009). Here we obtain an analogous ligand, 3-dimethylamino-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one by similar method, and report a new Mn (II) complex, *viz.* the title compound, $[\text{Mn}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3\text{Cl}]^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$ (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), the Mn^{II} center shows an octahedral coordination geometry formed by NO_4Cl . Chloride anions are involved in formation of $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1), which link cations and anions into layers parallel to *ac* plane along with the intermolecular $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

Experimental

Ligand was prepared following the procedure reported in the literature (Sun *et al.*, 2008). A solution of the ligand (0.1 mmol) and MnCl_2 (0.1 mmol) in 40 ml of methanol was refluxed for 2 h, and then cooled to room temperature and filtered. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from the methanol solution by slow evaporation at room temperature in air. Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{MnN}_2\text{O}_4\text{Cl}_2$: C, 33.72; H, 5.09; N, 7.87. Found: C, 33.68; H, 5.13; N, 7.83.

Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were geometrically positioned (C—H 0.93–0.97 Å, O—H 0.85 Å) and refined as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2\text{--}1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom.

Figures

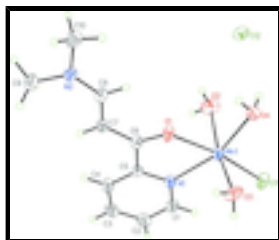


Fig. 1. View of (I) showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering.

Triaquachlorido[3-dimethylamino-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one- κN^1]manganese(II) chloride

Crystal data

$[\text{MnCl}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3]\text{Cl}$

$Z = 2$

supplementary materials

$M_r = 356.10$	$F_{000} = 366$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.549 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 8.7039 (17) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 956 reflections
$b = 9.3247 (18) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.3\text{--}27.9^\circ$
$c = 10.1407 (19) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 98.029 (4)^\circ$	$T = 291 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 98.036 (4)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$\gamma = 107.357 (3)^\circ$	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
$V = 763.4 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2647 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1898 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$
$T = 291 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.710$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.792$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 11$
3838 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 7$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0358P)^2]$
$S = 0.90$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2647 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
174 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Experimental. The structure was solved by direct methods (Bruker, 2000) and successive difference Fourier syntheses.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Mn1	0.38327 (7)	0.51169 (6)	0.24526 (6)	0.0323 (2)
Cl1	0.18927 (14)	0.33243 (12)	0.05540 (10)	0.0480 (3)
Cl2	0.81678 (13)	0.36167 (13)	0.32531 (11)	0.0498 (3)
N1	0.3684 (4)	0.7276 (3)	0.1810 (3)	0.0331 (8)
N2	0.9228 (4)	1.0462 (4)	0.6561 (3)	0.0379 (9)
O1	0.5460 (3)	0.7046 (3)	0.4013 (2)	0.0390 (7)
O2	0.6042 (3)	0.5194 (3)	0.1505 (3)	0.0602 (9)
H2B	0.6189	0.5984	0.1148	0.072*
H2C	0.6781	0.5474	0.2219	0.072*
O3	0.1955 (3)	0.4766 (3)	0.3751 (3)	0.0536 (8)
H3B	0.2274	0.5420	0.4489	0.064*
H3C	0.1121	0.4840	0.3255	0.064*
O4	0.4698 (3)	0.3588 (3)	0.3523 (2)	0.0391 (7)
H4B	0.5335	0.4114	0.4257	0.047*
H4C	0.5278	0.3238	0.3042	0.047*
C1	0.2670 (5)	0.7350 (5)	0.0724 (4)	0.0408 (11)
H1	0.1950	0.6441	0.0189	0.049*
C2	0.2641 (5)	0.8704 (5)	0.0362 (4)	0.0471 (12)
H2A	0.1909	0.8712	-0.0396	0.056*
C3	0.3706 (5)	1.0043 (5)	0.1136 (4)	0.0481 (12)
H3A	0.3712	1.0979	0.0914	0.058*
C4	0.4769 (5)	0.9982 (4)	0.2251 (4)	0.0415 (11)
H4A	0.5509	1.0880	0.2787	0.050*
C5	0.4732 (5)	0.8596 (4)	0.2565 (4)	0.0305 (9)
C6	0.5787 (5)	0.8396 (4)	0.3796 (3)	0.0303 (9)
C7	0.7021 (5)	0.9654 (4)	0.4608 (4)	0.0325 (10)
H7	0.7174	1.0630	0.4420	0.039*
C8	0.8019 (5)	0.9433 (4)	0.5698 (4)	0.0363 (10)
H8	0.7799	0.8430	0.5831	0.044*
C9	0.9737 (6)	1.2080 (4)	0.6504 (4)	0.0541 (13)
H9A	0.9783	1.2201	0.5585	0.081*
H9B	1.0802	1.2584	0.7066	0.081*
H9C	0.8963	1.2523	0.6826	0.081*
C10	1.0158 (5)	1.0020 (5)	0.7672 (4)	0.0507 (12)
H10A	0.9657	0.8953	0.7675	0.076*
H10B	1.0157	1.0618	0.8523	0.076*
H10C	1.1267	1.0200	0.7543	0.076*

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Mn1	0.0342 (4)	0.0306 (4)	0.0272 (4)	0.0057 (3)	0.0003 (3)	0.0059 (3)
Cl1	0.0504 (7)	0.0436 (7)	0.0337 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0035 (5)
Cl2	0.0352 (6)	0.0591 (7)	0.0507 (7)	0.0126 (6)	0.0047 (5)	0.0055 (6)
N1	0.037 (2)	0.0306 (18)	0.0264 (18)	0.0074 (16)	-0.0017 (15)	0.0038 (15)
N2	0.036 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0064 (17)	-0.0017 (16)	0.0013 (16)
O1	0.0468 (19)	0.0289 (16)	0.0298 (16)	0.0009 (14)	-0.0060 (13)	0.0064 (12)
O2	0.052 (2)	0.088 (2)	0.0515 (19)	0.0239 (19)	0.0188 (16)	0.0382 (18)
O3	0.0363 (19)	0.077 (2)	0.0376 (18)	0.0129 (17)	0.0030 (14)	-0.0036 (15)
O4	0.0437 (18)	0.0388 (16)	0.0350 (16)	0.0152 (14)	0.0051 (13)	0.0061 (13)
C1	0.041 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.006 (2)
C2	0.052 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.022 (3)	-0.003 (2)	0.015 (2)
C3	0.057 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.021 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.019 (2)
C4	0.050 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.039 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.008 (2)
C5	0.029 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.0113 (19)	0.0056 (17)	0.0044 (18)
C6	0.033 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.0069 (19)	0.0096 (17)	0.0018 (18)
C7	0.036 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.0060 (19)	0.0019 (18)	0.0030 (17)
C8	0.035 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.0072 (19)	0.0021 (19)
C9	0.054 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.008 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C10	0.046 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.013 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.007 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Mn1—O4	2.150 (2)	C1—H1	0.9300
Mn1—O1	2.192 (2)	C2—C3	1.366 (5)
Mn1—O3	2.217 (3)	C2—H2A	0.9300
Mn1—N1	2.234 (3)	C3—C4	1.377 (5)
Mn1—O2	2.253 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9300
Mn1—Cl1	2.4208 (11)	C4—C5	1.366 (5)
N1—C1	1.335 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N1—C5	1.344 (4)	C5—C6	1.511 (5)
N2—C8	1.303 (4)	C6—C7	1.392 (5)
N2—C9	1.452 (5)	C7—C8	1.387 (5)
N2—C10	1.473 (5)	C7—H7	0.9300
O1—C6	1.263 (4)	C8—H8	0.9300
O2—H2B	0.8500	C9—H9A	0.9600
O2—H2C	0.8501	C9—H9B	0.9600
O3—H3B	0.8500	C9—H9C	0.9600
O3—H3C	0.8498	C10—H10A	0.9600
O4—H4B	0.8500	C10—H10B	0.9600
O4—H4C	0.8500	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.369 (5)		
O4—Mn1—O1	89.04 (9)	C3—C2—C1	118.8 (4)
O4—Mn1—O3	84.40 (11)	C3—C2—H2A	120.6
O1—Mn1—O3	89.54 (10)	C1—C2—H2A	120.6

O4—Mn1—N1	160.52 (10)	C2—C3—C4	118.8 (4)
O1—Mn1—N1	72.14 (10)	C2—C3—H3A	120.6
O3—Mn1—N1	100.02 (12)	C4—C3—H3A	120.6
O4—Mn1—O2	81.56 (10)	C5—C4—C3	119.7 (4)
O1—Mn1—O2	86.99 (11)	C5—C4—H4A	120.1
O3—Mn1—O2	165.59 (10)	C3—C4—H4A	120.1
N1—Mn1—O2	92.22 (11)	N1—C5—C4	121.8 (3)
O4—Mn1—Cl1	100.99 (7)	N1—C5—C6	114.0 (3)
O1—Mn1—Cl1	169.97 (8)	C4—C5—C6	124.2 (3)
O3—Mn1—Cl1	91.26 (8)	O1—C6—C7	124.3 (3)
N1—Mn1—Cl1	97.88 (8)	O1—C6—C5	115.6 (3)
O2—Mn1—Cl1	94.59 (8)	C7—C6—C5	120.1 (3)
C1—N1—C5	118.0 (3)	C8—C7—C6	119.1 (4)
C1—N1—Mn1	125.2 (3)	C8—C7—H7	120.4
C5—N1—Mn1	116.8 (2)	C6—C7—H7	120.4
C8—N2—C9	123.4 (3)	N2—C8—C7	127.8 (4)
C8—N2—C10	120.5 (3)	N2—C8—H8	116.1
C9—N2—C10	116.1 (3)	C7—C8—H8	116.1
C6—O1—Mn1	120.2 (2)	N2—C9—H9A	109.5
Mn1—O2—H2B	103.2	N2—C9—H9B	109.5
Mn1—O2—H2C	99.5	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
H2B—O2—H2C	104.5	N2—C9—H9C	109.5
Mn1—O3—H3B	111.7	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
Mn1—O3—H3C	103.7	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
H3B—O3—H3C	112.7	N2—C10—H10A	109.5
Mn1—O4—H4B	107.9	N2—C10—H10B	109.5
Mn1—O4—H4C	106.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
H4B—O4—H4C	106.9	N2—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C1—C2	123.0 (4)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C1—H1	118.5	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C1—H1	118.5		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O2—H2B...C11 ⁱ	0.85	2.58	3.142 (3)	125
O2—H2C...C12	0.85	2.64	3.188 (3)	124
O3—H3B...C12 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.46	3.228 (3)	150
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O4—H4B...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.27	2.659 (3)	108
O4—H4C...C12	0.85	2.41	3.063 (3)	134

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

